CLASS-3 SUBJECT - HINDI विन्त 22 हुकाय

DATE : 06/05 /20

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₩ लिखिए	
 इन शब्दों को वचन के अनुसार अ 	लग-अलग करें—
कक्षाएँ स्त्रियाँ नाव बगीचे पै	से कलम पुस्तक मिठाइयाँ वधू कहानी
एकवचन —	(1 to 1) 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1
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बहुवचन —	

2. इन शब्दों के वचन बदलकर लिखें	
कन्याएँ — '''''कन्या '''''	चिट्ठी —
तिनका —	सूई —
कली — ""किलयाँ"	पंखा —
नदियाँ —	दवाई —
लकड़ी —	बूँद —
 नीचे लिखे वाक्यों में रेखांकित शव 	द्यों के वचन बदलकर वाक्य फिर से लिखें—
i. <u>बच्चा पतंग</u> उड़ा रहा है।	"" बच्चे पतंगें उड़ा रहे हैं।
ii. <u>टोकरी</u> में टमाटर रखा है।	
iii. सड़क पर <u>बस</u> जा रही है।	***************************************
iv. <u>पौधा</u> झूम रहा है।	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
v. फूल पर <u>भौंरा</u> मेंडरा रहा है।	***************************************

 बहुवचन बनाने के कुछ नियम व शब्द बनाएँ— 	उदाहरण सहित दिए गए हैं। आ	प इन्हीं के अनुसार बहुप						
i. आकाए	अ का एँ	इ, ई का इयाँ						
(केवल पुल्लिंग शब्दों में)	(स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों में)	(स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों में)						
पंखा — ""पंखे ""	कार — ""कारें "	जाति — "जातियाँ"						
कपड़ा —	पेंसिल —	स्त्री — "स्त्रियाँ"						
पपीता —	मेज —	नदी —						
तारा —	पुस्तक —	पत्ती —						
बगीचा —	बहन —	कुरसी —						
- 200 - 100 M	• • •	इ, ई का इयाँ						
ii. आका ए	अ का एँ	(स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों में)						
(स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों में)	(स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों में)	(स्त्रारिकार						
वस्तु — "वस्तुएँ"	महिला — "महिलाएँ"	चुहिया — "चुहियाँ"						
बहू —	वालिका—	गुड़िया —						
धेनु —	लता —	चिड़िया —						
वधू —	माला —	कुटिया —						
ऋतु —	सेना —	बुढ़िया —						
 सही शब्द भरकर अनुच्छेद पूरा करें— 								
पत्ते गरिमयों आँधी पेड़ पंखा बूँदें चिड़ियाँ घोंसलों								
पत्ते गरीमया उ	प्राधा पड़ पखा बूद ।च							
के दिन थे। अपनी पूरी गति से चल रहा था। लेकिन कोई लाभ नहीं।								
अचानक तेज आ गई। जोर-जोर से हिलने लगे। खड़खड़ा								
रहे थे। पड़ने लर्ग	ॉ। ····· में ह्	रुप गईं।						

CLASS – III

SUBJECT – BENGALI

PREVIOUS HOME ASSIGNMENT SOLUTION (DATE – 04.05.2020) CHAPTER – KRIYAR KAL (ANSWER SHEET)

অধ্যায় – ক্রিয়ার কাল (উত্তরপত্র)

DATE- 06.05.2020 WEDNESDAY

HOMEWORK SOLUTION

Q ক <u>. নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাওঃ-</u>

<u>১) ক্রিয়ার কাল কাকে বলে ?</u>

উঃ- ক্রিয়া সম্পন্ন হওয়ার সময়কে ক্রিয়ার কাল (Tense) বলে।

২) ক্রিয়ার কাল কয় প্রকার ও কি কি?

উঃ- ক্রিয়ার কাল তিন প্রকার। সেগুলি হল — ক) বর্তমান কাল , খ) অতীত কাল ও ভবিষাৎ কাল।

৩) বর্তমান কাল কাকে বলে ? উদাহরণ দাও।

উঃ- নিয়মিত ঘটে বা এখনও ঘটছে বা যে কাজের ফল এখনও বিদ্যমান , তাকে বর্তমান কাল (Present Tense) বলে। যেমন – ১ . বাতাস বইছে।

৪) অতীত কাল কাকে বলে? উদাহরণ দাও।

উঃ- যে ক্রিয়া আগেই সম্পন্ন হয়েছে , তাকে অতীত কাল বলে। যেমন – ১ . আমি তখন গান শুনছিলাম।

৫) ভবিষ্যৎ কাল কাকে বলে ? উদাহরণ দাও।

উঃ- যে কাজ এখনও হয়নি , ভবিষ্যতে হবে , তাকে ভবিষ্যৎ কাল বলে। যেমন – ১ . সে আসবে।

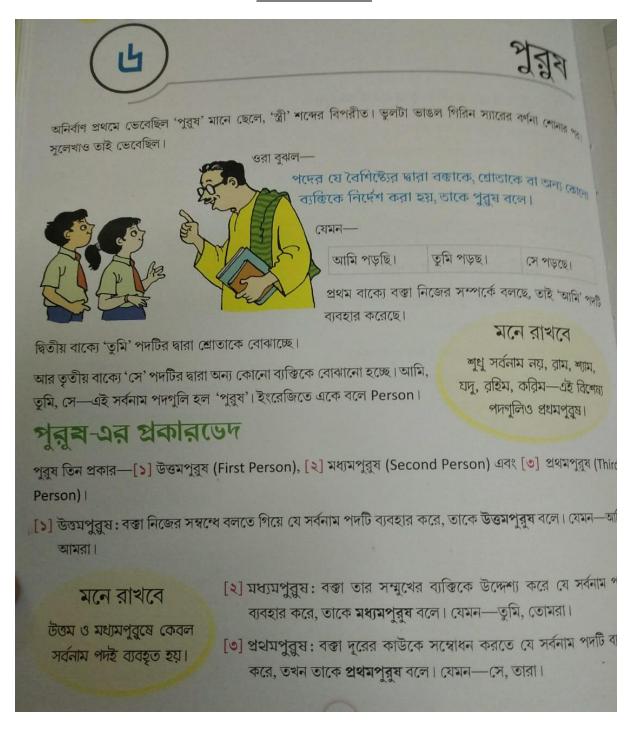
O খ . ক্রিয়ার কাল উল্লেখ করঃ-

- ১) পাখিরা গান ধরেছে।———**বর্তমান কাল**
- ২) গাছটা মরে গেল।———— **অতীত কাল**
- ৩) কাজটা শেষ করবে যথাসময়ে।——— **ভবিষ্যৎ কাল**
- 8) নিশ্চয় তারা আসবে।——— **ভবিষ্যৎ কাল**
- ৫) আজ বৃষ্টি হবে।————————— **ভবিষ্যৎ কাল**

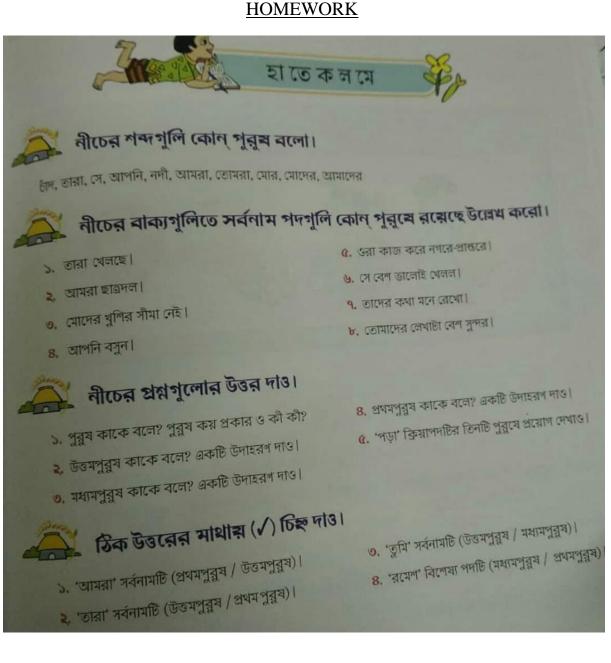
CLASS – III SUBJECT – BENGALI HOME ASSIGNMENT NO.7 CHAPTER – PURUSH অধ্যায় – পুরুষ

DATE- 06.05.2020 WEDNESDAY

CLASSWORK



	गनुत्रुय	मभामभूत्रम			
আমি খেলছি।	আমরা খেলছি।	TREET ANDRESS		250	ग्नुद्वम
আমি পড়ি।	San San Land Land Land Land Land Land Land La		তোমরা খেলছ।	CH CHALCE!	ভারা খেলছে
		তুমি পড়।	তেমেরা পড়।	সে পতে।	ভারা পরে।
আমি খেয়েছি।	আমরা খেয়েছি।	তুমি খেয়েছ।	তোমরা থেয়েছ।		



<u>SOLUTION FOR UNSEEN COMPREHENSION – 3</u>

Exercise A: Fill in the blanks:

- 1. The <u>cap-seller</u> had a big basket of caps on his back.
- 2. The troops of monkeys lived in <u>banyan</u> tree.
- 3. The monkeys saw caps in the basket.

Exercise B: Answer the following questions:

- 1. What was there in the basket?
 - Ans: The caps were inside the basket.
- 2. Where did the cap-seller sit and why?
 - Ans: The cap-seller sat under a big banyan tree to take rest.
- 3. What did the monkeys do?
 - Ans: The monkeys took out the caps from the basket and put them on their heads.

Then they went up the tree and sat on the branches.

Exercise C: Write the make sentences with the following words:

- 1. Basket The <u>basket</u> is full of apples.
- 2. Rest The doctor advised him to take some rest.
- 3. Sell My father has decided to sell his car.

X

SUBJECT : ENGLISH LANGUAGE CLASS: III CHAPTER-10 PRONOUN

6/5/2020

Read the following sentences:

- 1. Hari is absent, because *he* is ill.
- 2. *I* am young.
- 3. That is *her* book.

In the above sentences the words which are in italic are pronouns.

Definition: A pronoun is a word used in place of a noun (a person, place, thing or idea) to avoid its repetition. Some common pronouns are I, me, that, this, us, whom, they, he, she, it etc.

For example: Jack is a carpenter. Jack uses a hammer. Instead of saying Jack's name twice, you can use a pronoun to stand in for Jack's name and make the sentences sound better together: Jack is a carpenter. He uses a hammer.

LEARN

Exercise A: Underline the pronouns in the following sentences:

- 1. <u>I</u> am planning a trip with <u>my</u> family.
- 2. Will she bring her book today?
- 3. We are going to buy some fruits.
- 4. She failed the test and was scolded.
- 5. You are my best friend.
- 6. <u>He</u> is the tallest boy in class.

Exercise B: Rewrite each sentence. Change the underlined words to a pronoun.

1. The fireman rescued the cat from the tree.

Ans: He rescued the cat from the tree.

2. My friends and I are going to play cricket.

Ans: We are going to play cricket.

3. Annie likes to read books about fairies.

Ans: She likes to read books about fairies.

4. Mom and dad are going out for dinner.

Ans: They are going out for dinner.

5. The book has a blue cover.

Ans: It has a blue cover.

DO IT YOURSELF

Exercise C: Read the story given below and underline the pronouns:

Paul went on a trip with his class. He got on a yellow bus. It took them to the pumpkin patch. When he got off the bus, he got to pick out a pumpkin. He looked and looked. He picked one but it was too big. He had to pick a little one. He got back on the bus and went back to his class. He wished he had a big pumpkin.

TO BE CONTINUED

8Th HOME ASSIGNMENT CLASS- III SUB- MATHEMATICS CHAPTER- 7 (GEOMETRY)

DATE- 06/05/2020

1) DRAW THE FOLLOWING SHAPES-
a) Square
b) Rectangle
c) Triangle
d) Cube
e) Cuboid
f) Cylinder
g) Cone
h) Circle
2) ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION –
a) How many straight lines are in a circle?
b) How many straight lines are in a triangle?
c) In a rectangle how many equal lines are there?
d) In a square how many straight lines are there?
e) What is the shape of ice-cream?

- 3) DRAW THE LINE –
- a) Straight line
- b) Curve line
- c) Wave line

Home Assignment dated 06.05.20

Social Studies

Class -- 3

Answer key of 04.05.20

1) Hourglass :-

An hourglass is a divice used to measure time before the clock was invented. It has two glass bulbs connected vertically by a narrow neck, that allows the flow of sand from the upper to the lower section.

2) Sun-shadow stick :-

The Sun-shadow stick is the most ancient tool of measurement of time, which creates shadow.

Chapter -- 6

Work around us

Community:-

Community means a group of people living in the same place. Eg- Same town, same village, same country etc.

Community helpers :-

A community helper is a person who works very hard to serve his community. They are - Farmer, soldier, doctor, teacher etc.



Farmer:-

Farmers grow crops, grains, fruits, vegetables for the whole community and feed us. They work very hard in their field throughout the year in order to fulfill our need. Milk farmers run their dairy farm and provide us dairy product, such as - milk ,paneer, butter etc.



Soldier:-

People who fight for the nation and save their country from the enemies our soldiers. They also help people at the time of any natural disasters. Sometimes they even sacrifice their life to serve the nation.

Army:-

A group of soldiers who fights for the nation is called army.

Indian army is one of the largest armies in the world. 15th January is the army day.



Teacher:-

Teachers are the builders of the nation. They help and educate children to make them successful and good citizens in their future. We all should respect our teachers.

Home assignment

Name the following community helpers :-

- 1) One who sells commodities in a shop.
- 2) one who sells vegetables.
- 3) one who works in a factory.
- 4) one who produces medicines.
- 5) one who builds houses.